

# **Adoption & Shared Parental Leave Policy**

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This policy is designed to make employees aware of their rights and entitlements during and after adoption. The policy outlines the process for applying for Adoption and/or Shared Parental leave.

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# Adoption & Shared Parental Leave Policy - Reference Number 7794

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# 1. Introduction

This policy is designed to introduce the statutory rights and responsibilities related to applying for and taking Adoption and/or Shared Parental leave and the process to be followed.

It is recognised that adoptive parents need time to establish a relationship with their adopted child/children and to adjust to their caring responsibilities. To aid this process the Trust offers an entitlement to paid and unpaid leave to adoptive parents, which is equal to that of women taking maternity leave.

# 2. Purpose and Scope

This Policy is designed to ensure that all new parents working for University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust are treated both fairly and legally when applying for and/or taking Adoption or Shared Parental Leave. The policy aims to support and balance work and family life and to retain staff, thereby encouraging equality and diversity within the workplace.

# 3. Key Principles and Provisions

- 3.1 All employees of the Trust who are matched with a child for adoption are entitled to 52 weeks adoption leave, consisting of 26 weeks of Ordinary Adoption Leave and 26 weeks of Additional Adoption Leave.
- **3.2** Employees must take at least two weeks adoption leave following the placement of a child but can otherwise choose to end their adoption leave at any stage.
- 3.3 Shared Parental Leave (SPL) is an entitlement allowing eligible mothers, fathers, partners and adopters to choose how to share time off work after their child is born or placed for adoption. This could mean that the adopter shares some of the leave with their partner, perhaps returning to work for part of the time and then resuming leave at a later date.
- 3.4 If they choose to do so, an eligible 'main adopter' can end their adoption leave early and, with their partner, opt for Shared Parental Leave (SPL) instead of Adoption Leave. This will enable them to share some of the 52 weeks leave with their partner, perhaps returning to work for part of the time and then resuming leave at a later date. It will also enable parents to take longer blocks of time off at the same time to care for the child.
- 3.5 The amount of SPL available to a couple is calculated using the employee's entitlement to adoption leave, which allows parents to take up to 52 weeks leave between them. If both parents meet the qualifying requirements, they will need to decide how they want to divide their SPL and Pay entitlement.
- 3.6 Paid Paternity or Partner leave of two weeks will continue to be available to partners of the main adopter. All eligible parents will be entitled to apply for Shared Parental Leave. Paternity Leave will be a period of one or two weeks which must be used in a single block of leave and taken

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within 56 days of the birth or adoption. Please see the Paternity and Partner Leave policy (HR Web) for more detail.

# 4. Definitions of terms and entitlement

The guidance uses the following terms and abbreviations:

**Adopter**: the adopter means the person who is eligible for adoption leave and/or pay. They can be male or female.

**Partner**: the partner of the adopter. This can be a spouse, civil partner; or a partner who is living in an enduring relationship with the adopter and the child.

**Ordinary Adoption Leave (OAL)**: This is the first 26 weeks of adoption leave. The contract of employment continues for this period.

**Additional Adoption Leave (AAL)**: This is the second set of 26 weeks and must follow directly on from Ordinary Adoption Leave. The contract of employment continues for this period.

**Compulsory Adoption Leave**: A minimum of 2 weeks must be taken as adoption leave immediately after placement of the child. This is included as part of Ordinary Adoption Leave.

**Main adopter:** The parent who takes adoption leave (Paternity/Partner leave is available to partners of the adopter).

**Matching week:** This is the week in which the member of staff is notified of being matched with a child for adoption.

SPL: Shared Parental Leave.

**ShPP**: Statutory Shared Parental Pay

Continuous leave: A period of leave that is taken in one block e.g. four weeks' leave.

**Discontinuous leave:** A period of leave that is arranged around weeks where the employee will return to work e.g. an arrangement where an employee will work every other week for a period of three months.

**Curtail:** Where an eligible adopter brings their adoption leave and if appropriate, pay or allowance to an end early. This is sometimes referred to as reducing the adoption leave period.

# 5. Duties, Roles and Responsibilities

## 5.1 Line managers are responsible for:

- (a) Following the procedure as set out in section 9-13;
- (b) Ensuring all eligible SPL and Adoption requests are handled fairly and consistently.
- (c) Supporting the employee with paid time from work to attend any pre-adoption assessments, subject to service needs and managerial agreement (see section 10. 6 for details).

# 5.2 Employee Services are responsible for:

- (a) Ensuring that line managers are trained in the correct usage of this policy;
- (b) Supporting and advising line managers where queries arise before during or after commencement of Adoption or Shared Parental leave.
- (c) Providing 121 consultations with employees planning to adopt of take shared parental leave to discuss the provisions of the policy where requested.

# 5.3 All staff eligible for adoption or SPL are responsible for:

- (a) Following the procedure as set out in section 8.
- (b) Keeping the Trust informed of significant changes in their circumstances which may affect their safety, provisions or rights under this policy or statutory regulations.

# 6. Who is covered by the policy?

This policy is applicable to the 'main adopter' and any eligible parent wishing to take Shared Parental Leave.

The Trust's Paternity/Partner Leave Policy will apply to the birth parent's partner, providing they meet the eligibility criteria.

# 7. Adoption & Shared Parental Leave Entitlement & Pay

## 7.1 Entitlement to Adoption Leave

The main adopter of the child is entitled to 52 weeks Adoption Leave consisting of 26 weeks Ordinary Adoption Leave (OAL) and 26 weeks Additional Adoption Leave (AAL) regardless of length of service, hours worked or pay, provided that they continue to be employed 14 days before the placement date.

Adoption leave, Statutory and Occupational Adoption pay are not available in the following circumstances:

- (a) Where the employees partner is the main adopter for this adoption,
- (b) Where the employee is adopting a family member or stepchild,
- (c) Where the adoption is arranged privately,
- (d) Where the employee becomes a special guardian,
- (e) Where the employee has had a child through surrogacy; unless this is through an approved adoption agency.

Members of staff applying for adoption leave will be asked to confirm that their partner is not also taking adoption leave from their work place. The partner of the main adopter will be entitled to take paid partner leave (see Paternity/Partner Leave policy).

During adoption leave, whether paid or unpaid, the employee retains all of their contractual rights except remuneration, and the period shall count as service for annual increments and for the purpose of any service qualification for additional annual leave.

Please note that the main adopter must take a minimum of 2 weeks adoption leave immediately after the placement of child, which is included as part of Ordinary Adoption Leave. This is called Compulsory Adoption Leave.

Please note that if staff do not physically return to employment with UH Bristol or another NHS employer for a minimum of 3 months then they will be required to repay all Occupational Adoption Pay that they have received. Please note that any accrued annual leave may be used as part of the 3 months.

#### **Adoption Pay**

Adoption pay will vary depending on length of service with the NHS and UHBristol. Please refer to the Adoption Leave/Pay Plan (HR Web) and use the Entitlements to Adoption Leave and Pay Flow Chart (HR Web) for more details.

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### **Occupational Adoption Pay**

This is a benefit paid by UH Bristol for employees who have worked continuously for one or more NHS employers for 52 weeks by the end of the matching week. (Please note a break of 3 months or less will be disregarded, although it will not count as service).

To qualify for Occupational Adoption Pay staff must:

- Notify the Trust within seven days of being notified by their adoption agency that they have been matched with a child, unless this is not reasonably practicable;
- Submit documentary evidence in the form of a matching certificate from their adoption agency as proof of entitlement to leave;
- Intend to return to work with UHBristol or another NHS employer following the adoption leave.

## Occupational Adoption Pay will be:

- 8 weeks of full pay
- 18 weeks of half pay plus lower rate SMP, to a maximum of full pay.
- 13 weeks of lower rate SMP, to a maximum of 90% of full pay.
- 13weeks of unpaid leave

Pay is based on the employees' average contractual earnings during:

• The eight weeks prior to the Saturday following the notice of adoption matching in cases of adoption (this is referred to as the Averaging or Relevant Period).

The exact 8 week 'averaging' period' will depend on when Trust paydays fall.

### **Average Weekly Earnings**

Average contractual weekly earnings are based on the gross average National Insurance weekly earnings (including overtime i.e. all contractual income subject to Tax and NI) received in the 8 weeks prior to the Saturday following the notice of adoption matching.

It is therefore important that staff are aware that if for any reason their earnings are reduced during that period, this will affect their average earnings. If an employee has transferred from another NHS Trust under a TUPE arrangement those earnings will also be used in this calculation.

In cases where employees who have service as indicated in the first paragraph without 26 weeks' continuous service by the week they are matched with a child; they will receive 8 weeks of

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contractual full pay plus 18 weeks of half contractual pay (staff in these situations will not be entitled to statutory adoption pay).

# 7.2 Statutory Adoption Pay

This is a benefit paid for by the government. Staff will be eligible for Statutory Adoption Pay provided that they have been continuously employed by UH Bristol for at least 26 weeks by the week they are matched with a child.

To qualify for Statutory Adoption Pay employee of the Trust must:

- Have average earnings of not less than the lower earnings limit for National Insurance contributions.
- Notify the Trust within seven days of being notified by their adoption agency that they have been matched with a child, unless this is not reasonably practicable;
- Submit documentary evidence in the form of a matching certificate from their adoption agency as proof of entitlement to leave;

Staff will remain entitled to Statutory Adoption Pay if they leave UH Bristol 14 days before the match of a child provided that the earnings criteria are met, as above.

Statutory Adoption Pay consists of:

- 39 weeks SAP at the statutory rate, to a maximum of 90% of full pay,
- 13 weeks unpaid leave.

Payment of SAP does not depend on the employee intending to return to work for the Trust after the baby is born. If employees qualify for SAP, employees are entitled to get it and keep it, even if the employee does not return to work.

### 7.3 Adoption Pay

### Occupational Adoption Pay (OAP) consists of:

For those who have service as indicated in the above paragraph with 52 weeks continuous NHS service at the end of the matching week, Occupational Adoption Pay will be:

- 8 weeks contractual full pay;
- 18 weeks contractual half pay, plus SAP, to a maximum of full pay;
- 13 weeks SAP, to a maximum of 90% of full pay;
- 13 weeks unpaid leave

### **Statutory Adoption Pay (SAP)**

To qualify for Statutory Adoption Pay, employees of the Trust must:

- Have a minimum of 26 weeks continuous NHS Service by the matching week.
- Notify the Trust within seven days of being notified by their adoption agency that they have been matched with a child, unless this is not reasonably practicable.
- Submit documentary evidence in the form of a matching certificate from their adoption agency as proof of entitlement to leave:

Statutory Adoption Pay consists of:

- 39 weeks SAP at the statutory rate, to a maximum of 90% of full pay,
- 13 weeks unpaid leave.

Pay is based on the employees' average contractual earnings during the eight weeks prior to the Saturday following the notice of adoption matching (this is referred to as the Averaging Period).

Payment of SAP does not depend on the employee intending to return to work for the Trust after the child is adopted. If employees qualify for SAP, employees are entitled to get it and keep it, even if the employee does not return to work.

#### 7.4 Entitlement to Shared Parental Leave

If they choose to do so, an eligible 'main adopter' can end their adoption leave early and, with their partner or the child's father, opt for Shared Parental Leave (SPL) instead of Adoption Leave. This gives parents that meet the qualifying requirements more flexibility in how to share the care of their child in the first year following birth. Parents will be able to share a pot of leave and can decide to be off work at the same time and/or take it in turns to have periods of leave to look after the child.

To qualify, the main adopter must be entitled to, and have given notice to curtail their adoption entitlements and must share the main responsibility for caring for the child with their partner.

For a parent to be eligible to take Shared Parental Leave they must be an employee and they must pass the continuity of employment test. In turn, the other parent in the family must meet the employment and earnings test.

### **Continuity of employment test**

The person must have worked for the same employer for at least 26 weeks at the end of the week in which an adopter was notified of having been matched with a child and still be employed in the first week that Shared Parental Leave is to be taken.

### **Employment and earnings test**

Where both parents satisfy the continuity of employment test requirement they will both be able to make use of the pot of Shared Parental Leave. The regulations do mean though that a family can still use Shared Parental Leave even when only one parent actually meets the eligibility criteria. For example, a self-employed parent will not be entitled to take Shared Parental leave but they could still pass the employment and earnings test allowing the other parent in the family to qualify.

# 7.5 Statutory Shared Parental Pay (ShPP)

ShPP is paid at a rate set by the Government for the relevant tax year or 90% of an employee's average weekly earnings (whichever is lower). Eligible employees may be entitled to take up to 37 weeks ShPP while taking Shared Parental Leave.

The number of weeks ShPP available will depend on the amount by which the adopter reduces their adoption pay period. Where adoption leave is curtailed, the remaining weeks statutory adoption pay can be taken as ShPP.

For example the main adopter could end their adoption leave after 12 weeks, leaving 40 weeks (of the total 52 week entitlement) available for SPL. If both they and their partner are eligible, they can share the 40 weeks, taking the leave at the same time or separately. ShPP could be claimed for the remaining 25 weeks as the main adopter has already been paid adoption pay for 12 weeks, which would need to be deducted.

An employee is eligible for ShPP if one of the following applies:

- 1. They're eligible for Statutory Adoption Pay (SAP)
- 2. They're eligible for Statutory Paternity Pay (SPP) and their partner is eligible for SAP.

Workers may also claim ShPP if they're eligible for SAP or SPP.

Where an employee is entitled to receive ShPP they must, at least 8 weeks before receiving any ShPP, complete the Shared Parental Leave Booking form (HR Web) and give it to their manager.

Statutory ShPP is paid into the employees' bank account in the same way as salary (on a weekly or monthly basis depending on employees pay frequency). When an employee commences leave the manager will complete a change of conditions e-form, which Employee Services will forward to Payroll, notifying them of the date Statutory ShPP should start.

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## 7.6 Deciding whether Shared Parental Leave (SPL) is suitable

When an adoption has been confirmed, the couple need to consider what leave arrangements will work best and whether SPL is suitable option. Factors to consider include:

- (i) Whether one or both parents qualify for SPL and how they would like to share the care of the child
- (ii) Whether the adopter is prepared to reduce their adoption leave, opting to take SPL instead
- (iii) Financial implications of reducing the adopter's adoption leave where the Trust's enhanced adoption pay applies
- (iv) Availability of other legal rights (such as flexible working request, annual leave and parental leave) and how they could work alongside SPL.

If both parents are employees and both meet the qualifying requirements then there will be a joint entitlement and the parents will have to determine how to divide the leave entitlement once the main adopter has decided to curtail their adoption leave.

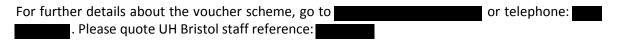
If parents don't choose SPL at first, they have the option to use it at a later date while they are still eligible. For example, six months into an adoption leave period, the adopter may choose to reduce their adoption leave by two months, giving their partner the chance to take those two months as SPL (provided they give eight weeks' notice to their employer and take the SPL within a year of the adoption).

Alternatively SPL can start for the partner while the adopter is still on adoption leave if they have given binding notice to end their leave. E.g. A main adopter and their partner are both eligible for SPL. The main adopter goes on adoption leave 10 weeks before their child is adopted. They decide that they will take 16 weeks of adoption leave and they give their manager notice. Since the main adopter has given binding notice, their partner can start SPL as soon as the child has been adopted (as long as they've given at least 8 weeks' notice).

# 8. Salary Sacrifice and Tax Free Schemes

Until October 2018 employees will be able to join the Trusts Childcare Voucher (CVV) scheme through Kiddivouchers.com. Childcare Vouchers can be used as either full or part payment of fees at any registered childcare setting such as a day nursery, childminder, out-of-school club, Explore Learning, etc. The value of voucher(s) is taken from the employees' gross monthly salary which is exempt from tax and national insurance contributions, thus allowing the employee to save up to 41% of the value - depending on the level of tax they pay.

The maximum monthly salary exchangeable for childcare vouchers is £243 per person for 20% (normal rate) tax payers and £124 per person for 40% + tax payers. Childcare vouchers can be used to pay childcare costs up until a child reaches 15 years of age and they can be bought in advance – for later use.



# 8.1 Tax Free Scheme (TFS)

'Tax-Free Childcare' (TFC) is a new government scheme which will enable parents to save 20% of their childcare costs.

TFC will not replace the Childcare Voucher Scheme (CCV) for employees already in this scheme but the CCV scheme will be closed to any new joiners with effect from October 2018.

If an employee is currently participating in the childcare voucher scheme and wishes to join the new scheme, they must advise the Trust by providing a Childcare Account Notice (CAN) within 90 days of opening the TFC account. This is to be sent to Payroll department and the Trust will need to cease the Voucher option through pay with immediate effect: PayrollEnquiries@UHBristol.nhs.uk

Please note an employee cannot be in both schemes and for one parent to claim Childcare Vouchers and the other parent to claim Tax-Free Childcare.

## 8.2 Eligibility for TFC

Not all families are eligible for TFC. For example if one parent is not working, then neither parent is eligible for TFC and a family in receipt of universal credit cannot also get TFC.

To be eligible for TFC parents must be earning above the national minimum wage once the tax free benefit is deducted, but less than the upper earnings threshold.

The benefit applies to working families with children under 12 (or under 17 if disabled).

See <a href="https://childcare-support.tax.service.gov.uk">https://childcare-support.tax.service.gov.uk</a> and <a href="https://www.childcarechoices.gov.uk">https://www.childcarechoices.gov.uk</a> for more information.

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### 8.3 Deciding whether to opt out of Childcare Voucher scheme during qualifying/averaging weeks

Employees who already participate in the Trust Childcare Voucher and/or any other Salary Sacrifice Schemes delivered by the Trust must decide whether to temporarily suspend from their respective scheme, opt out altogether, or to remain in the scheme(s) prior to and during the qualifying/averaging period.

The eight week qualifying/averaging period is the 8 weeks prior to the Saturday following the notice of adoption matching.

Continuation in Salary Sacrifice during the qualifying period will result in reduced Occupational Adoption Pay (OAP) and so it is imperative that you communicate your decision to the relevant Salary Sacrifice scheme administrator prior to this period so as not to affect your adoption entitlement, if required.

Salary Sacrifice schemes provided at the Trust comprise; Childcare Voucher Scheme administered by Kiddivouchers, Cyclescheme, Car Parking Salary Exchange and Staff Accommodation.

This action may be taken by employees prior to notification to their line manager and completion of the Adoption/Shared Parental Leave Pay Plan. This requirement does not affect staff who are not yet participating in the Childcare Voucher or other Salary Sacrifice scheme(s).

# 9. Pre Commencement of Adoption & Shared Parental Leave

#### 9.1 Introduction

The procedure covers the information required by staff and managers and the legal framework with regards to Adoption Leave and Shared Parental Leave and pay.

The Adoption and Shared Parental Leave Process Calendar (HR Web) and Adoption and Shared Parental Leave - Manager's checklist (HR Web) are attached to this document to provide a useful structure for managers and staff on the stages and actions required to ensure applications are dealt with smoothly.

# 9.2 Pre-commencement of Adoption & Shared Parental Leave

Employees planning to adopt will find that having early conversations with their manager regarding leave intentions will be beneficial, enabling them both to be clear regarding the entitlement, what leave arrangements are being considered and how any leave will be accommodated.

## 9.3 Notification/First Steps

## **Adoption**

It is the responsibility of the member of staff to advise the manager as early as possible that they are in the process of seeking to adopt. The length of time it takes to adopt a child can vary significantly and often little notice of the child's arrival is given. This will be taking into consideration at all times when discussing leave requirement. The following steps should be taken as soon as possible after the member of staff has informed the manager of planned adoption.

- The member of staff must discuss with the manager the requirement for time off for appointments relating to the adoption process.
- As soon as confirmation has been given that the adoption process has been successful (notification is received of matching), the member of staff should meet with the manager to complete the Adoption Leave and Pay Plan (HR Web). A date of return should be given or where the employee is not returning this should be documented on the form. The pay plan should be completed as soon as it reasonable practicable and at least 28 days before adoption is due to be taken or as soon as is reasonably practical. The meeting is also an opportunity for the employee to discuss with the manager any working arrangement alterations that the employee is considering on their return, if appropriate, such as flexible working and whether the employee intends to take Shared Parental Leave.
- The Matching Certificate should be shown to the manager and the manager should verify a copy and send to Employee Services department with the Adoption Leave Plan.
- Before adoption leave is due to commence, a change of condition e-form should be completed. This will be matched with the adoption paperwork in Employee Services and processed.

## 9.4 Time off for appointments

### **Pre-Adoption Assessments**

#### Time off for pre adoption assessments:

The main adopter will be entitled to take up to 5 days paid time off in a rolling 12 months for preadoption assessments.

The secondary adopter will be entitled to take unpaid time off for up to two appointments. Unpaid leave or annual leave may also be used.

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## 9.5 Notifying the Trust of entitlement to SPL

An employee entitled and intending to take SPL must give their line manager notification of this at least 8 weeks before they can take any period of SPL using the Shared Parental Leave Booking Form (HR Web).

The employee has the right to submit three notifications specifying leave periods they are intending to take. Each notification may contain either (a) a single period of week of leave; or (b) two or more weeks of discontinuous leave, where the employee intends to return to work between periods of leave. SPL may begin on any day of the week but may only be taken in complete weeks.

The trust may, within 14 days of the SPL entitlement notification being given, request documentation relating to the birth or adoption of the child and the name and business address of the partners employer if they do not work for the Trust.

It is the employee's responsibility to check that they are eligible for SPL and ShPP and the Trust will grant leave and pay based on the information and declarations provided by the employee. If it is subsequently discovered that ShPP was incorrectly paid, the Trust will correct their records and may recover wrongly paid ShPP as an overpayment of salary, as applies to all statutory payments. Fraudulent claims may be investigated in accordance with the Trusts Disciplinary Policy.

## 9.6 Discussions regarding Shared Parental Leave

Upon receiving a SPL booking notice the employee's manager will usually arrange a meeting with the employee to discuss it (see HR Web for invite letter). Where a notice is for a single period of continuous leave, or where a request for discontinuous leave can without further discussion be approved in the terms stated in the employees notice booking form, a meeting may not be necessary, but the manager should confirm the outcome in writing (see HR Web for approval letter).

Meetings should be arranged in advance and should take place in a private place. If the employee is on adoption leave at the time of the request the meeting may be held over the telephone.

At the meeting the employee may, if they wish, be accompanied by a workplace colleague, trade union representative, or a personal friend or family member not acting in a legal capacity.

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss in detail the leave proposed and what will happen while the employee is away from work (see HR Web for guidance on conducting the meeting). Where it is a request for discontinuous leave, the discussion may also focus on how the leave proposal could be agreed, whether a modified arrangement would be agreeable to the employee and the organisation, and what the outcome may be if no agreement is reached.

Once a period of leave is agreed the employee's manager should raise an electronic change of conditions e-form to notify Payroll of the start and end date of the block of leave and how many weeks ShPP should be paid if applicable.

#### **Continuous leave notifications**

A notification can be for a period of continuous leave, which means a notification of a number of weeks taken in a single unbroken period of leave (for example, 6 weeks in a row).

An employee has the right to take a single block of leave notified in a single notification so long as it does not exceed the total number of weeks SPL available to them (as specified in the notice of entitlement). The employee must give at least 8 weeks' notice.

#### **Discontinuous leave notifications**

A single notification may also contain a request for two or more periods of discontinuous leave, which means asking for a set number of weeks of leave over a period of time, with breaks in between the leave where the employee returns to work (e.g. where an employee takes 6 weeks SPL and works every other week for a period of three months).

Where there is concern over accommodating the notification, the organisation or the employee may seek to arrange a meeting to discuss the notification with a view to agreeing an arrangement that meets both the needs of the employee and the organisation (see HR Web for guidance on conducting a SPL meeting).

The organisation will consider a discontinuous leave notification but has the right to refuse it. If the leave pattern is refused, the employee can either withdraw it within 15 days of requesting it, or can take the leave in a single continuous block.

### **Responding to Shared Parental Leave notification**

Once the employee's manager receives the leave booking notice, it will be dealt with as soon as possible, but a response will be provided no later than the 14th day after the leave request was made (using outcome letters at Appendix F&G).

### All notices for discontinuous leave will be confirmed in writing

All requests for discontinuous leave will be carefully considered, weighing up the potential benefits to the employee and to the organisation against any adverse impact to the service.

Each request for discontinuous leave will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Agreeing to one request will not set a precedent or create the right for another employee to be granted a similar pattern of SPL.

The employee will be informed in writing of the decision as soon as is reasonably practicable, but no later than the 14th day after the leave notification was made (See Appendix F&G for booking

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request outcome letter). The request may be granted in full or in part: for example, the organisation may propose a modified version of the request.

If a discontinuous leave pattern is refused then the employee may withdraw the request without detriment on or before the 15th day after the notification was given; or may take the total number of weeks in the notice in a single continuous block. If the employee chooses to take the leave in a single continuous block, the employee has until the 19th day from the date the original notification was given to choose when they want the leave period to begin. The leave cannot start sooner than eight weeks from the date the original notification was submitted. If the employee does not choose a start date then the leave will begin on the first leave date requested in the original notification.

## 9.7 Cancelling or varying booked Shared Parental Leave (SPL)

The employee is permitted to vary or cancel an agreed and booked period of SPL, provided that they advise the Trust in writing at least eight weeks before the date of any variation. Any new start date cannot be sooner than eight weeks from the date of the variation request.

Any variation or cancellation notification made by the employee, including notice to return to work early, will usually count as a new notification reducing the employee's right to book/vary leave by one. However, a change as a result of a child being born early, or as a result of the organisation requesting it be changed, and the employee being agreeable to the change, will not count as further notification. Any variation will be confirmed in writing by the organisation.

The manager should raise a Change of Conditions e-form as soon as any variation or cancellation of leave is confirmed to notify Payroll of the change.

# 9.8 Changing the start date of Adoption or Shared Parental leave

If staff wish to change the date they are due to start adoption leave, they must give the manager 28 days' notice of the new intended date. If staff wish to cancel or vary an agreed or booked period of SPL they may do so provided they inform their manager in writing at least 8 weeks before the date of any variation. Any new start date cannot be sooner than eight weeks from the date of the variation request.

# 10. Commencement of Adoption Leave

# 10.1 Commencement of Adoption Leave

Adoption leave can be taken up to 14 days prior to the expected date of placement. If this date needs to be amended the employee will need to give 28 days' notice of the new intended date.

## 10.2 Early Placement of Child

### **Automatic Start to Adoption Leave**

Where adoption occurs before the agreed leave period was planned to commence, so long as there is a written request and agreement that adoption leave is granted, the leave will commence on the first day of adoption. The line manager should complete a change of conditions e-form with the date that the adoption leave started.

# 11. During Adoption Leave

#### 11.1 Reasonable contact

Reasonable contact allows employers and employees to keep up-to-date on changes within the workplace and to personal circumstances that can help ease the employee's return to work. The employer has legal obligations to the employee while they are away from work and therefore should keep the employee informed about everyday issues e.g. staffing changes and job opportunities.

How and when contact will take place should be discussed and agreed upon in advance of the leave period being taken.

#### 11.2 SPLIT & KIT days

Before starting Adoption or Shared Parental Leave (SPL), the employee's manager will discuss voluntary arrangements for keeping in touch if the employee is planning to return to work. The employee is under no obligation to keep in touch or to maintain any contact discussed before adoption or shared parental leave begins.

The law allows employees to attend work on a maximum of 10 'Keeping in Touch' (KIT) days during Adoption Leave and/or 20 Shared Parental Leave Days (SPLIT days) during their Shared Parental Leave. By law, the employee may not work during the two weeks immediately following the birth of a child. KIT and SPLIT days can be consecutive and can be shorter than a normal working day, to allow the employee to attend a training session for example. KIT and SPLIT days can also be used for development or away days with the team, or to communicate significant changes within a department.

Working for a part of any day counts as one whole KIT or SPLIT day, however employees will only be paid for the hours they have worked that day. Any such SPLIT or KIT days and the

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arrangements for them must be agreed by both the employee and their manager and neither can insist on KIT or SPLIT days being used.

If taken during the unpaid part of adoption leave or SPL, SPLIT and KIT days will be paid at the normal hourly rate as if the employee were at work. If a SPLIT or KIT day is taken during paid adoption or SPL, the employee will be paid at the normal hourly rate with an adjustment made to the SMP, OAP or ShPP calculation for that week.

Payment of SPLIT and KIT days may be given on the return from adoption leave or SPL, or on the next monthly pay day, depending on when the employee wants to be paid for them. The employee's manager should complete a Change of Conditions e-form confirming the date(s) the SPLIT or KIT days were taken and the duration of each day in hours.

Where applicable Professional Registration must be maintained or renewed if this has expired whilst an employee is on adoption leave or SPL, if the employee wishes to work and be paid for KIT or SPLIT days.

## 11.3 Sickness during Adoption Leave

Staff are not entitled to sick pay whilst on adoption leave. However, if the member of staff is ill on or after the date they have agreed to return to work following adoption and submit a medical statement from a registered medical practitioner, or a self-certificate to cover the absence, they will be entitled to sick leave in accordance with normal sick leave provisions; however a deduction may be made from their pay in respect of the benefit payable by the Department of Work and Pensions. It is the employee's duty to keep their manager informed of any illness or changed circumstances that may affect current circumstances or anticipated date of return. An employee may also be referred to Occupational Health to seek guidance on their fitness to carry out normal duties. It is not possible for an employee to stop adoption leave and commence sick leave and then recommence adoption leave.

## 11.4 Termination of an adoption placement

Should the placement be terminated for any reason more than 8 weeks before the end of either the paid or unpaid adoption leave period, the member of staff will be entitled to a further 8 weeks of either type of leave that remained if the placement had not been terminated.

## 11.5 Booking Shared Parental Leave (SPL)

Eligible employees are entitled to book SPL while they are on Adoption Leave provided they give notice to their employer and take the SPL within a year of the birth.

Employees wishing to take SPL must notify their manager of their entitlement to SPL and Statutory Shared Parental Pay (ShPP), as well as giving at least 8 weeks' notice to take the leave. In many cases, notice to take leave will be given at the same time as the notice of entitlement to SPL.

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The employee has the right to submit three notifications specifying leave periods they are intending to take. Each notification may contain either (a) a single period of weeks of leave; or (b) two or more weeks of discontinuous leave, where the employee intends to return to work between periods of leave.

#### 11.6 Visa status checks

The Trust carries out regular checks on employee visa status in order to ensure that all employees that require a visa to work continue to be legally allowed to do so. Should an employee's visa expire during adoption leave or SPL, the Trust maintains its right to request up-to-date evidence of their entitlement to work and to be employed by the Trust. It is the responsibility of the employee to ensure that this information is provided to the Trust. Failure to supply appropriate evidence that the employee has full legal entitlement to work at the Trust will result in immediate suspension (in line with the Trusts Right to Work Policy).

# 12. Prior to return to Work and Process on Return

### 12.1 Notification to Return

It is good practice to indicate the estimated return date on the Adoption and SPL pay plan. The employee must give 8 weeks' notice of the actual return to work date. If the incorrect notice is given, the return may be postponed or where no contact is made the disciplinary policy may be invoked.

N.B. Should an employee wish to be reinstated on to the Trust's Childcare Voucher and/or any Salary Sacrifice Scheme(s), they should contact the Trust Childcare And Benefits team for current registration instructions (email: or telephone ).

#### 12.2 Return to Work Process

Before the employee returns to work, the manager will ensure that:

- a. They calculate how much leave the employee has accrued during adoption and/or shared parental leave (in consultation with the employee) and agree when the employee plans take this block of leave and when they will physically return to the office. Conversations about returning to work should take place at least 8 weeks prior to the start date of any accrued annual leave.
- b. A change of conditions electronic form is completed advising of the date of return (this will be the start date of a block of accrued annual leave if applicable and the hours will remain at the level prior to adoption), and any changes to working conditions agreed e.g. a reduction in hours should be advised on an additional e-form with the effective date of the change and actual date of return to work. This should be forwarded to Employee Services. An alternative is that the employee returns on the lower hours with only one e-form required and the employee takes the accrued leave due over an extended period in agreement with the department.

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- c. A reorientation programme is drawn up prior to the employee's return and implemented over the first few weeks of return.
- d. A full analysis of statutory and mandatory training requirements for the member of staff is undertaken and a programme of training established to ensure safe practice.
- e. For staff who require statutory/professional registration to practice, the manager must ensure they are registered before the employee recommences duties. This should be done with reference to the Professional Registration Policy.

## 12.3 Job on Return

Staff have the right to return to work under their original contract and on no less favourable terms and conditions.

Employees have a right to return to the same job after adoption leave and SPL if their adoption leave or combined leave period (comprising of adoption and SPL) totalled 26 weeks or less.

In the case where the number of weeks of adoption and SPL exceeds 26 weeks in aggregate, or the total number of unpaid parental week exceeds four weeks, an employer must allow an employee to return to the same job unless it is not reasonably practicable, in which case they must offer a suitable and appropriate job on terms and conditions that are no less favourable.

If staff wish to return to different hours or duties they must discuss and agree this with their manager and submit a Flexible Working Request (please refer to the Trust's Flexible Working Policy). This can be done at any time before or during adoption leave and preferably at the earliest opportunity. If the employee is a doctor or a dentist and wishes to do this, it will require clarification with the Divisional HR Business Partner and/or Medical Staffing.

Depending on specific circumstances, where it is not reasonably practicable to offer alternative employment, sickness absence or paid leave of absence will be given pending resolution. These issues must be discussed between the manager and employee as soon as possible in conjunction with Occupational Health and Employee Services. Time frames for this situation will depend on individual circumstances and Occupational Health advice (where appropriate) and in some circumstances the Trust can also look at options of temporary change in work until a permanent resolution has been agreed.

# 12.4 Use of annual leave as part of return to work

Employees will accrue their normal annual leave entitlements during paid and unpaid adoption leave and SPL. For example, if an employee is entitled to 27 days annual leave and 8 bank holidays a year and a year is taken for adoption leave, they will have 35 days accrued to take once adoption leave has ended, plus any annual leave owing until the end of their leave year and minus any leave taken at prior to adoption leave.

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Employees, in agreement with their manager, should take the leave they have accrued during adoption leave immediately following the end of their adoption leave, prior to physically returning to their role. Accrued leave should be taken before any agreed reduction to the employee's contractual hours (unless otherwise agreed by the Division), to enable the employee to return to work within a reasonable timeframe.

Employees must give their manager at least 8 weeks' notice of the date they will be ending their adoption leave and the start date of any accrued leave, and this block of leave must be approved by the manager.

Employees wishing to use accrued leave differently (for example be paid 37.5 hours a week, use 2 days annual leave a week, working 22.5 hours a week, until accrued leave is exhausted) will need to submit a business case to their line manager at least 8 weeks before they propose to start taking the annual leave. Business cases will be considered by the Head of Division and HR Business Partner who will consider the service needs in line with any proposals made. If the request is refused, employees will need to take accrued leave in a single block before returning to work.

#### 12.5 Decision not to Return to Work at the Trust

If the employee fails to physically return to work in a substantive post for a minimum of 3 months, they will be liable to refund all the Occupational Adoption Pay that they have received (see section 7.1). However, they will still be entitled to receive any Statutory Adoption Pay or Statutory Shared Parental Pay. The method of repayment of Occupational Adoption Pay will be determined in agreement with payroll. Staff must notify their Manager as soon as they know that they will not be returning to work. Any accrued annual leave taken immediately following the end of adoption leave will count towards the three months. Untaken annual leave and Bank Holiday accruals for the whole adoption period will be offset against the total OMP overpayment.

If the employee decides to work for another NHS employer up to 3 months after the end of their adoption leave for a minimum period of 3 months after their adoption leave has ended, they will not be liable to refund the Occupational Adoption Pay they have received from UH Bristol. The employee's manager will need to see proof of the employee's employment with the new NHS Employer, which must also be in a substantive post and must confirm that they have seen this on the termination e form.

#### 12.6 Adoption Leave and an early return to Bank

Employees who are in the unpaid section of their Adoption leave or Shared Parental Leave may work on the Bank before returning to their substantive roles in the following circumstances:

- i. They do not return until after the 39th week of adoption leave (i.e. there can be no return until the entitlement to SMP is exhausted).
- ii. If taking Shared Parental Leave, they have exhausted any entitlement to Statutory Shared Parental Pay (ShPP).

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The return to Bank work should be communicated to Payroll via a Change of Conditions form. Subsequent return to a substantive role must also be communicated to Payroll via a Change of Conditions form.

In order to avoid repaying Occupational Adoption Pay, staff returning from adoption leave must physically return to work, to a substantive post within the Trust or another NHS Trust, for a minimum of 3 months. This can be at full time or part time hours. Staff who have received Occupational Adoption Pay cannot avoid repaying it by working Bank Shifts only.

## 13. Terms & Conditions and Other Provisions

### 13.1 Conditions of Service such as Annual Leave

The employee's contract of employment continues for the duration of the adoption leave and Shared Parental Leave (if applicable) as these types of leave are not considered to be a break in service. During Adoption and Shared Parental Leave staff will be entitled to receive the benefits and accrual of these benefits for all terms and conditions, except remuneration.

Annual leave will continue to accrue during adoption leave and SPL, whether paid or unpaid. Where the amount of accrued annual leave exceeds normal carry over provisions, the employee may carry the leave over to the next leave year. It may be mutually beneficial to both the Trust and the employee for the employee to take a block of annual leave immediately before and/or after the formal (paid and unpaid) adoption leave period. The amount of annual leave to be taken in this way, or carried over, should be discussed and agreed between the employee and the line manager. In exceptional circumstances, payment in lieu may be considered as an option where accrual of annual leave exceeds the normal carry over provisions.

The employee is entitled to lieu days for any Bank holidays that fall within the period of adoption leave or SPL. For employees on Term Time Only contracts who receive annual leave as part of their monthly pay, an adjustment will be made to the employees pay for annual leave at the end of the entire adoption leave period or when the employee returns to work. The employee may choose whichever option is preferable to them, and they should notify Employee Services and Payroll of which option they would prefer.

## 13.2 Continuity of Service

Adoption Leave and Shared Parental Leave do not count as a break in service.

### 13.3 Increments and Gateways to Progression

Absence on adoption leave or Shared Parental Leave whether paid or unpaid will count towards the normal annual increment and for the purposes of any service qualification period for additional annual leave in accordance with the 'Agenda for Change' Terms and Conditions.

Medical and dental staff on Adoption or Shared Parental Leave, whether paid or unpaid, will also receive normal increments or pay progressions.

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The full pay calculation of adoption pay uses the average weekly contractual element used for the calculation of statutory adoption pay entitlement, subject to the following qualifications:

In the event of a pay award or annual increment being implemented before the paid adoption leave period begins, the adoption pay should be calculated as though the pay award or annual increment had effect throughout the entire statutory adoption pay calculation period. If such a pay award was agreed retrospectively the adoption pay should be recalculated on the same basis.

In the event of a pay award or annual increment being implemented during the paid adoption leave period, the adoption pay due from the date of the pay award or annual increment should be increased accordingly. If such a pay award was agreed retrospectively, the adoption pay should be recalculated on the same basis.

Anyone taking adoption leave coinciding with their Foundation Gateway (non-medical staff only), will return to their post after their adoption leave with the same amount of time remaining to achieve their gateway, e.g. an employee taking adoption leave 6 months into the post would have a remaining 6 months to achieve their 1st gateway. However, their pay would be uplifted to the next increment to coincide with their annual incremental date.

If an employee takes adoption leave which spans their final gateway, their pay will be uplifted as if the gateway had been achieved. A Knowledge and Skills Framework review should take place upon their return in retrospect.

#### 13.4 Pension Scheme contributions

During paid adoption leave or Shared Parental Leave, contributions are due on the amount of occupational or statutory adoption pay or Statutory Shared Parental Pay received. During unpaid adoption leave, or Shared Parental leave pension contributions cannot be processed.

Contributions due in the unpaid part of Adoption or Shared Parental leave will be deducted from the employee's salary on their return to work over a similar length of time as the period covered by the unpaid leave. Employees should contact the Pensions Department for further pension queries. The contributions are paid on the pay rate in force on the last day of paid adoption leave, this is normally the lower rate SMP pay rate and this significantly reduces the contributions due for the 'no-pay' period.

Pension rights and contributions shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the NHS Superannuation Regulations.

# 13.5 Receiving Adoption Pay & Statutory Shared Parental Pay (ShPP)

Any Statutory Adoption Pay or ShPP payments to which the employee is entitled will be paid in the same way as salary normally is. Staff do not have to do anything further to claim it.

Before an employee commences leave, or as soon as a period of Shared Parental Leave (SPL) is agreed, the manager will complete a change of conditions electronic - form, which Employee

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Services will forward to Payroll, notifying them of the date adoption pay or SPL should start. In the case of SPL the Change of Conditions form should state how many weeks of ShPP the employee should be paid and the start and end date of the block of leave. Employee Services will keep the original MATB1/Adoption documentation in the employee's personal file along with the Adoption/Shared Parental Leave plan and any relevant Change of Conditions forms.

If the employee is not entitled to receive Statutory Adoption Pay, the Payroll Section will send the employee a SAP1 form in cases of adoption. The employee may be entitled to support from the local council when adopting a child <a href="https://www.gov.uk/find-local-council">https://www.gov.uk/find-local-council</a>.

#### 13.6 Income Tax Deductions

Tax will be automatically adjusted to its correct level, each month. At the start of the new financial year (April), tax refunds will cease for staff on no pay.

### 13.7 Mobile Phones, Laptops and Other Equipment

Mobile phones, laptops and other equipment issued by the Trust should be returned before the commencement of adoption leave.

### 13.8 Trade Union Membership Deductions

Deductions cease during the unpaid part of the adoption leave, but are reinstated upon return to paid employment unless otherwise instructed. Staff must advise their union so that their record can be amended.

### 13.9 Fixed Term or Training Contracts

Staff on fixed term contracts which expire 14 days after the expected week of placement of the child and who satisfy the eligibility conditions, shall have their contracts extended so as to allow them to receive the 52 weeks which includes paid contractual and statutory adoption pay and the remaining 13 weeks of unpaid adoption leave. For further terms for fixed term staff, please refer to Part 3, Section 15, paragraphs 15.42-45 in the National Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions Handbook.

Absence on adoption leave (paid and unpaid) up to 52 weeks before a further NHS appointment shall not constitute a break in service.

If there is no right of return to be exercised because the contract would have ended if adoption had not occurred, the repayment provisions will not apply.

### 13.10 Rotational Training Contracts

Where an employee is on a planned rotation of appointments with one or more NHS employers as part of an agreed programme of training, they will have the right to return to work in the same post or in the next planned post, irrespective of whether the contract would otherwise have

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ended if adoption had not occurred. In such circumstances, the employee's contract will be extended to enable the practitioner to complete the agreed programme of training.

## 13.11 Childcare Voucher, Tax Free Scheme (TFS) and Salary Sacrifice Schemes

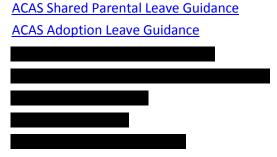
Once the decision has been made by a participating employee to either remain in or opt out of their respective scheme during the qualifying or averaging weeks (see section 6); the employee must inform either the Childcare Voucher Scheme provider (Kiddivouchers: 0800 612 9015) or the relevant Salary Sacrifice Provider.

This action may be taken by employees prior to notification to their line manager and completion of the Adoption/Shared Parental Leave Pay Plan. This does not affect staff who are not yet participating in the Childcare Voucher or Salary Sacrifice scheme(s).

Employees must decide prior to the qualifying or averaging period whether they wish to remain in or opt out of their respective scheme(s) as this will affect the value of adoption pay they will receive. This timescale enables Payroll sufficient time to make the necessary amendments in time for adoption pay calculation.

Existing childcare voucher participants who choose to remain in the scheme during the qualifying or averaging period will receive Occupational Adoption Pay (OAP) based on their salary, which is reduced by the value of childcare vouchers taken during this time. Under this arrangement, on receipt of Statutory Adoption Pay (SAP) and Additional Adoption Leave (if applicable), childcare vouchers will continue to be provided to the employee, the cost of which will be met entirely by the Trust.

# 14. References & Associated Documentation



# 15. Appendix A - Monitoring Table for this Policy

The following table sets out the monitoring provisions associated with this Policy.

Objective	Evidence	Method	Frequency	Responsible	Committee
To ensure that policy remains fit for purpose	Whether policy is still in line with Trust objectives and any changes in legislation	Regular policy review	24 months	Head of Employee Relations	Policy Group
To ensure that use of policy is consistent and effective	Spot-checking application of policy and responding to internal audit requests	Review of individual cases as required, other actions as determined by nature of audit requests	As required	Head of Employee Relations	Workforce & OD Group

# 16. Appendix B - Dissemination, Implementation and Training Plan

The following table sets out the dissemination, implementation and training provisions associated with this Policy.

Plan Elements	Plan Details
The Dissemination Lead is:	Head of Employee Relations
This document replaces existing documentation:	Replaces previous version of policy.
Existing documentation will be replaced by:	All associated documents have been reviewed to ensure compliance with new policy version.
This document is to be disseminated to:	Document to be disseminated to managers and staff via HR Web and Newsbeat.
Training is required:	Not required, but available on a case by case basis from Employee Services.
The Training Lead is:	Laura Williams, HR Consultant
Additional Comments	
[DITP - Additional Comments]	

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# 17. Appendix C - Equality Impact Assessment

Query	Response		
What is the aim of the document?	To make employees aware of their rights and entitlements during and after adoption.		
Who is the target audience of the document (which staff groups)?	Any staff as identified in section 6 of the policy.		
Who is it likely to impact on and	Staff	Ø	
how?	Patients	$\square$	
	Visitors	Ø	
	Carers	Ø	
	Other – governors, volunteers etc	$\square$	
Does the <b>document</b> affect one group more or less favourably than	Age (younger and older people)	×	
another based on the 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act	<b>Disability</b> (includes physical and sensory impairments, learning disabilities, mental health)	×	
2010:	Gender (men or women)	×	
	Pregnancy and maternity	×	
	Race (includes ethnicity as well as gypsy travelers)	×	
	Religion and belief (includes non-belief)	×	
	Sexual Orientation (lesbian, gay and bisexual people)	×	
	Transgender people	×	
	<b>Groups at risk of stigma</b> or social exclusion (e.g. offenders, homeless people)	×	
	Human Rights (particularly rights to privacy, dignity, liberty and non-degrading treatment)	×	

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# 18. Appendix D - Adoption/SPL Process Calendar

	Stage	Employee Role	Manager Role
Pr	e-Commencem	ent of Adoption/Shared Paren	tal Leave
1.	As soon as employee decides to adopt a child.	<ul> <li>Notify manager of intention to adopt.</li> <li>Discuss with manager any arrangements made/planned for pre adoption assessments.</li> <li>Consider whether Shared Parental Leave may be suitable.</li> <li>Consider what leave arrangements would work best for employee and partner.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give employee the         Paternity/Partner leave policy from         HR Web.</li> <li>Discuss pre adoption assessments         and note dates and times.</li> <li>Discuss intentions with regards to         leave and Shared Parental Leave         options.</li> </ul>
2.	Before Start of Adoption leave. At earliest practical date and 14 days prior to Matching Date.	<ul> <li>Write a letter to manager including intention to go on adoption leave and planned date of match.</li> <li>Submit matching certificate to Manager</li> <li>Inform Manager of intention to take SPL if appropriate</li> <li>Discuss annual leave entitlements</li> <li>Discuss 'Keeping in Touch' arrangements during leave and return to work arrangements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete adoption leave/pay plan with employee</li> <li>Copy of matching certificate (when available) and adoption leave/pay plan to be sent to Employee Services</li> <li>Change of Conditions e-form to be processed</li> <li>Discuss 'Keeping in Touch arrangements during leave and return to work arrangements</li> </ul>
3.	Choosing Shared Parental Leave. Notification of entitlement to SPL and notice of SPL booking (at least eight weeks before planned start date of any period of SPL)	Notify manager of eligibility for SPL, ShPP and give notice of SPL booking (using booking form on HR Web)	<ul> <li>Respond to SPL Booking form with acknowledgement letter (HR Web) and invite employee to meeting to discuss if required.</li> <li>If meeting is not required confirm the outcome of employees request in writing (Templates on HR Web).</li> <li>Make early preparations and plans. Consider how the work will be covered.</li> </ul>

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	Stage	Employee Role	Manager Role
4.	Meeting to discuss SPL booking.	Attend meeting to discuss intentions to take discontinuous SPL if required (with mutual consent the meeting can be held over the phone if employee is on adoption leave).	Meet with the employee to discuss SPL request and how work will be covered. See HR Web for tips on conducting the meeting.
5.	Outcome	Discontinuous leave request is approved or the request is withdrawn	<ul> <li>Confirm and communicate outcome in writing no later than the 14th day after the leave request was made (templates on HR Web).</li> <li>Complete a change of conditions eform confirming the start date and duration of any agreed SPL and Paternity/Adoption/Partner leave if applicable. NB if eligible for Statutory Shared Parental Pay confirm how many weeks should be paid during the block of SPL.</li> </ul>
Dυ	ring Adoption a	nd/or Shared Parental Leave	
6.	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 weeks after date of Match = Compulsory Leave	Main adopter must take this as Adoption Leave and not return to work/or start SPL before the 2 weeks is completed.	Must not allow employee to return to work before 2 weeks is completed.

Stage	Employee Role	Manager Role
7. Ongoing	<ul> <li>Keep in touch with Manager (e.g. telephone, emails) Communicate any new information.</li> <li>Option to take 10 paid 'Keeping in Touch' Days if on Adoption leave or 20 Shared Parental Leave (SPLIT) days if on SPL.</li> <li>If desired submit further notifications of leave bookings (up to a maximum of 3) no later than 8 weeks prior to the intended start date. Or no SPL notifications have been submitted to date follow steps 3-5.</li> <li>If considering applying for a change in working patterns consider having this conversation at earliest opportunity. Reference Flexible Working Policy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Keep in touch with employee (e.g. telephone, email, send newsletters etc)</li> <li>Raise Change of conditions form for any KIT or SPLIT days taken stating the date and hours worked (KIT and SPLIT days can be paid on return to work if preferred).</li> <li>Respond to any new or additional notifications of SPL in writing within 14 days of receiving them following steps 3-5.</li> <li>Complete change of conditions eform to reflect any amendments to existing blocks of SPL, or dates of new blocks of Shared Parental Leave and how many weeks Statutory Shared Parental leave is payable, if applicable.</li> <li>Ensure right to work (VISA) is valid.</li> <li>Ensure professional registration is up to date where employees are taking KIT/SPLIT days</li> <li>Check whether employee is planning to submit a flexible working request at the earliest opportunity</li> </ul>
Prior to Return Dat	е	
8. 8 weeks prior to Return date	Contact Childcare & Benefits / Payroll team to arrange to join the Tax Free Scheme and/or Salary Sacrifice Scheme (if required): or	Confirm return date with employee

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	Stage	Employee Role	Manager Role
9.	Month before Return Date	Speak to Manager to confirm return is as planned.	Calculate how much leave the employee has accrued during adoption/SPL and agree when the employee plans to take this block of leave and when they will physically return to the office.
			<ul> <li>Complete a Change of Conditions e- form confirming employees return date and any changes to working arrangements.</li> </ul>
			Draw up reorientation programme for employee
			Risk assessment to be undertaken
			<ul> <li>Check professional registration is up- to-date, if applicable</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Undertake training needs analysis for all statutory and mandatory training and construct training programme to ensure safe practice.</li> </ul>
10.	Change to Return Date	Give at least 8 weeks' notice of new Return date (Manager can postpone when you are able to return if this is not adhered to)	Complete a Change of Conditions e- form to reflect change to return date.
Or	n Return		
11.	From Day 1	If applicable discuss any issues you are having with returning to work	Implement reorientation programme over the first few weeks of return.



# 19. Appendix E - Adoption & Shared Parental Leave Manager's Checklist

Staffı	name
1.	Give the employee the Adoption and Shared Parental Leave (SPL) policy and Paternity and Partner leave policy (if applicable) from the Intranet. Encourage the employee to think about whether SPL might be a suitable option and outline the process for booking leave.
2.	If the employee is adopting discuss schedule of any pre adoption assessments and note dates and times.
3.	If the employee is not the main adopter but intends to take SPL advise them they need to complete Shared Parental Leave booking form for eligibility for SPL (HR Web).
4.	If the employee is the main adopter meet with them and complete r Adoption Leave Pay Plan ASAP. Ensure employee is given a copy. Discuss annual leave entitlements and intentions to take SPL. Advise employee that SPL booking requests need to be put in writing and will be responded to in writing by within 14 days. Remind employee that any SPL bookings need to be made at least 8 weeks prior to the proposed leave start date and refer them to the Shared Parental Leave booking form (HR Web).
5.	If employee is taking Adoption leave forward the following to Employee Services immediately after meeting or at earliest opportunity:  • Matching certificate (if applicable).  • Copy of Adoption Leave/Pay Plan (retain a copy for your records and for
	employee).
	Change of Conditions e-form confirming start date of adoption leave (Ensure employee contact details are correct.)
	Date sent to Employee Services
6.	On receipt of the SPL booking form, invite employee to a meeting to discuss proposal (see HR Web for meeting invite letter and for guidance on conducting the meeting). Respond in writing to any requests for continuous and

	discontinuous SPL within 14 days of receiving it using template letters (HR Web).  N.B. Employee must submit requests for SPL 8 weeks prior to the intended start date and may make up to 3 separate requests for blocks of leave.
	Complete a change of conditions e-form to reflect the start and end dates of any agreed blocks of SPL, and the number of weeks Statutory Shared Parental Pay due.
7.	Organise cover for Adoption Leave/Shared Parental Leave period
8.	If date of start of Adoption leave or Shared Parental Leave changes an additional Change of Conditions e-form must be completed immediately
	Date sent to Employee Services
	(Note to HR - Ensure form is sent out and not just 'saved')
9.	Before commencement of Adoption Leave or Shared Parental Leave, discuss 'Keeping in Touch' arrangements, return to work date change notification rule; confirm discontinuous leave pattern if employee is taking more than one block of Shared Parental Leave. Also discuss return to work arrangements (e.g. flexible working) with employee.
10.	Before commencement of Shared Parental Leave or Adoption Leave, ensure employee is aware of the following UH Bristol childcare services and facilities available:
	<ul> <li>UH Bristol Childcare &amp; Benefits team (provides unbiased information and guidance on local/national childcare options &amp; local discounts)</li> </ul>
	Tax Free Scheme
	Full childcare information and guidance is available from the UH Bristol Childcare & Benefits Manager on:  or email:
11.	During the employees Adoption Leave and/or SPL respond to any new or further SPL bookings (if applicable) in writing (following step 6), within 14 days, and when dates are agreed raise a change of conditions form confirming the start and end dates of leave and number of weeks Statutory Shared Parental Pay due. If employee takes KIT or SPLIT days raise a Change of Conditions e-form to reflect

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	the dates these days were taken and the number of hours worked on these days.				
12.	At least 8 weeks prior to the employee's return, calculate employees accrued annual leave and contact them to discuss how they will use this leave prior to returning to work (employees should take any backlog of annual leave immediately after adoption leave or SPL, prior to physically returning to work).				
13.	Prior to return, ensure a Change of Conditions e-form is completed confirming return to work details (i.e. date/hours/ shifts etc.) Complete a termination e- form if the employee is not returning to work.				
	Date sent to Employee Services				
14.	Prior to return, ensure a reorientation programme is drawn up and agreed				
15.	Prior to return, if applicable, ensure professional registration is up to date.				
	Date Checked				
16.	Prior to return, a full training needs analysis of statutory and mandatory training requirements should be undertaken and a programme of training				
	established to ensure safe practice				

Please retain a copy of this on the individual's personal file

# 20. Appendix F - Adoption Leave/Pay Plan

# To be completed at least 28 days before the commencement of adoption leave

The main adopter must complete this form in order to progress their adoption leave. Employees should complete this form with their line manager and keep one copy for themselves.

		_				
Nam	e of applicant					
Curre	ent post title					
Divis	ion/ location/ ward/					
	rtment					
UH	Bristol length of					
servi						
Full-t	time/ part-time					
Data	a and dataile of					
Date	s and details of ious NHS service					
If thi	s is not one year continu	ous service nle	ease state your employer(s) for the last 2 years.			
	3 13 Hot one year continu		case state your employer(s) for the last 2 years.			
			. declare that I am the 'main adopter' and wish t	o confirm my		
iiitei	ntion to take my entitled	Adoption Leav	e.			
				1		
a)	My expected matching	date/week of				
	placement is:					
	(employees should provide a copy of their matching certificate)					
				1		
b)	Date of commencemen					
	(i.e. no earlier than 14 days before the placement of adopted child)					
- \	Lintand to show any adoption losses. Was / No /also see a See to Charact Bosses to U.S.					
c)	I intend to share my ad	option leave;	Yes / No (please refer to Shared Parental Leave process section 9.6 of the policy)			
			process section sto of the poney)			
d)	Expected return date:					
	(Employees may take	e up to 52				
	weeks adoption leave.	Where there				

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is a change to the expected return date employees must give 8 weeks' notice)						
Childcare Voucher Scheme and/or Fee Direct Salary Sacrifice Scheme Participants:-						
I have communicated my decision to remain in the scheme(s) or suspend within the allocated time period as specified within the Adoption/SPL Policy.						
Signed:						
E-form number:						
(to be added by manager)						

Please note that if you do not return to the NHS for a minimum of 3 months then you will have to repay any Occupational Adoption Pay (OAP) that you have received (only applies to employees who have had one year continuous service with the NHS).

Options for Adoption Leave (please tick the appropriate option)

# For staff intending to return to work (otherwise see options 5/6) Option 1 52 weeks continuous NHS service at the end of the matching week and 26 weeks service with UH Bristol by the adoption matching week. 52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OAL & 26 weeks AAL: 8 weeks full pay (inclusive of SMP based on contractual earning – SMP on all earnings) • 18 weeks half pay + lower rate SMP or 90% average weekly pay (whichever figure is lower but total not to exceed full pay) • 13 weeks lower rate SMP 13 weeks unpaid leave Option 2 52 weeks continuous NHS service at the end of the matching week, but less than 26 weeks service with UH Bristol by the matching week. 52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OAL & 26 weeks AAL: • 8 weeks full pay based on contractual pay 18 weeks half pay 26 weeks unpaid leave Option 3 26 weeks service with UH Bristol by the matching week, but not 52 weeks continuous NHS service. 52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OAL & 26 weeks AAL: • 6 weeks higher rate SAP (90% of average weekly pay) • 33 weeks lower rate SAP or 90% of average weekly pay (whichever figure is lower) • 13 weeks unpaid leave Option 4 Less than 26 weeks UH Bristol service by the matching week and less than 52 weeks continuous NHS service. 52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OAL & 26 weeks AAL: 52 weeks unpaid leave

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Not intending to return to work					
Option 5					
26 weeks service with UH Bristol by the adoption matching week.					
52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OAL & 26 weeks AAL:					
<ul> <li>6 weeks higher rate SAP (90% of average weekly pay)</li> <li>33 weeks lower rate SAP or 90% of average weekly pay (whichever figure</li> </ul>					
is lower)  • 13 weeks unpaid leave					
Option 6					
Less than 26 weeks UH Bristol service by the adoption week and less than 52 weeks continuous service.					
52 weeks Adoption Leave: 26 weeks OML & 26 weeks AML:					
• 52 weeks unpaid leave					
If staff wish to change the date they are due to start adoption leave, they must give the manager 28 days' notice of their intention to start adoption leave.					
My estimated date of return to duty is					
(If this is not completed you will have to provide 8 weeks written notice of your intended return date.)					
Employee Signature					
Manager/ Head of Department					

Please send copy of this form to Employee Services together with copy of Matching Certificate

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